



For safe food and
healthy eating

Strategic Risk Register: Q1 2025/26



Background



The Strategic Risk Register is designed to reflect threats posed to the delivery of the Strategy (which the strategy itself identifies) and the most important risks to FSS are those which may affect the delivery of the strategic objectives and key goals. SLG are responsible for identifying the Strategic Risks linked to the risk areas identified within the strategy ([FSS Strategy 2021-2026](#)).

This approach aims to lay out a clear and direct line between the risks identified in the strategy and each of the goals and strategic objectives. There is a cross link with business planning and progress to help inform the management off the risks. In other words, the mitigations and management of the risks in the strategy is through successful delivery of the corporate plan.

The FSS Strategic Risk Register exists to ensure that:

- Strategic risks are identified and assessed.
- The effectiveness of existing controls is evaluated.
- Residual risk is assessed.
- Risk treatment options are considered.
- Actions are determined and prioritised and action plans are implemented.
- The Strategic Risk Register supports the FSS Strategic Plan.

The FSS Risk Management Policy and Framework has been agreed as of Mar-22.

The Strategic Risk Register has been updated to include Integrated Assurance using the Three Lines of Defence Model. This helps to align and optimise FSS assurance with the management of risk and core business activities in line with the risk appetite and exists to support The ARC and The Board's risk oversight. This approach is designed to replace the previous separate Assurance Mapping Exercise carried out by Branch Heads twice yearly.

Risk Score Guidance Keys

Likelihood Criteria

5 - Very High	>75% chance of occurring - almost certain to occur.
4 – High	51-75% chance of occurring - more likely to occur than not.
3 – Medium	26 - 50% chance of occurring - fairly likely to occur.
2 – Low	6 - 25% chance of occurring - unlikely to occur.
1 - Rare	1 - 5% chance of occurring - extremely unlikely to occur.

Risk Proximity

Imminent	IMM	Immediate threat of risk within the next month
Close	CLS	Threat of risk within the next 3 months
Approaching	APP	Threat of risk within the next 6 months
Distant	DIS	Threat of risk within the next 12 months
Very Distant	VDI	Threat over 12 months away

Risk Impact Matrix Key

IMPACT	Multiplier	1	2	3	4	5
Very High	50					
High	25					
Medium	10					
Low	5					
	Multiplier	1	2	3	4	5
	LIKELIHOOD	Rare	Low	Medium	High	Very High

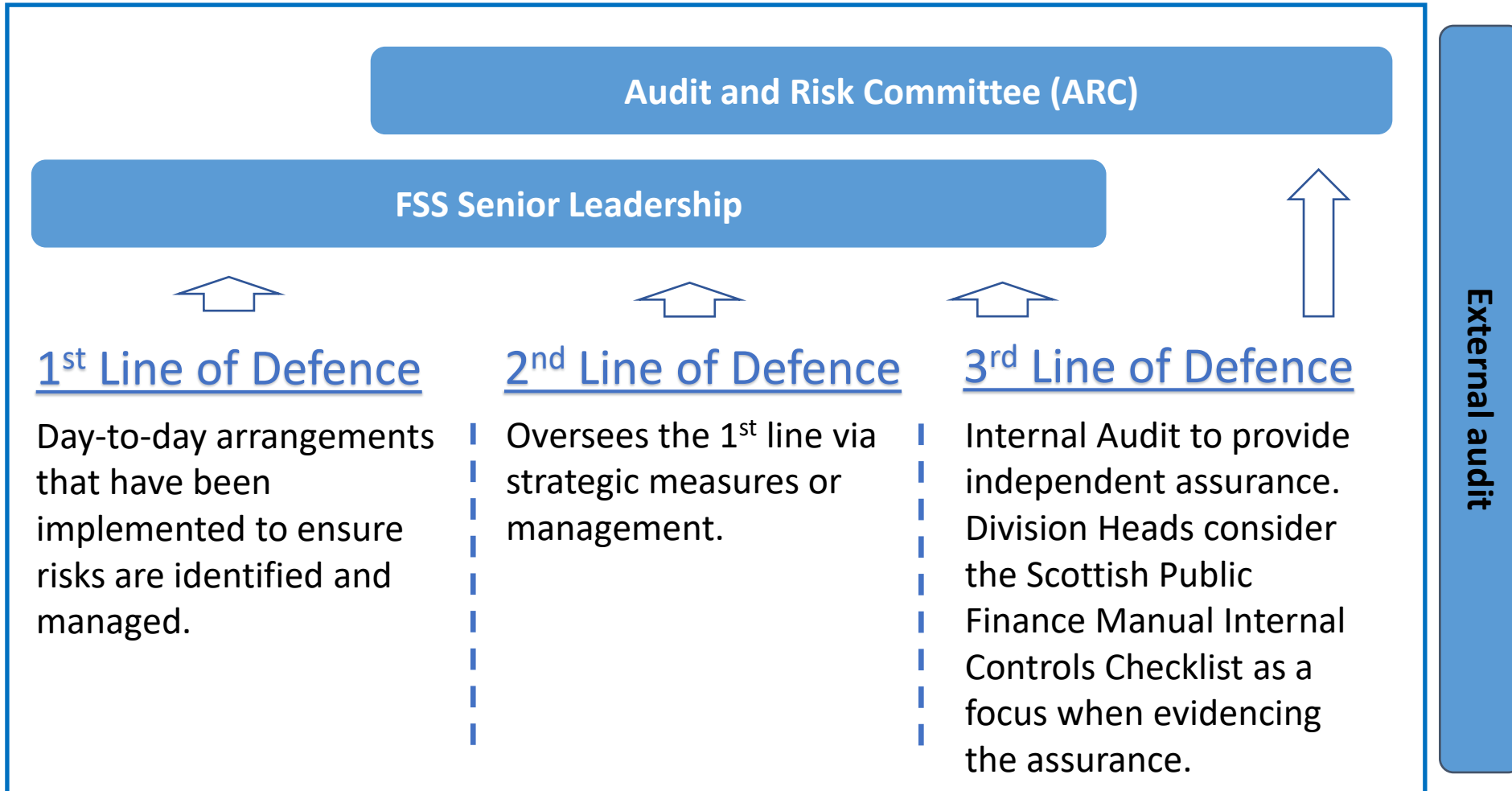
Mitigation Actions - Status

Completed	
On target	On target for completion
Ongoing	Delayed/delay anticipated but no negative impact on risk mitigation
Ongoing	Delayed/delay anticipated with negative impact on risk mitigation

QUARTERLY SCORE TRENDS

[illegible]

Integrated Assurance – the 3 lines of defence



Integrated Assurance – the 3 lines of defence

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Risk	1 st Line	2 nd Line	3 rd Line	Gaps in Assurance*
7. Changes to FSS roles and remit	Early connections and relationship building to be undertaken with the Scottish Government team of Cabinet Secretaries, Ministers, Special Advisers in addition to OGDs such as FSA and UKG to define a strategic forward look and anticipate issues that affect our remit.	CEO weekly SG Directors call to collaborate and define ways forward.	SLT meetings with SG/FSA opposite numbers ensuring alignment.	
11. Public Service Reform	Head of CSD attends a monthly PSR Information Sharing Network where he is briefed on Scottish Government plans.	Regular briefing to Executive Management Team members - by Head of CSD on PSR development.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular briefing to Senior Leadership team on any strategic PSR developments CEO is currently the chair of the Delivery Bodies Group which as a consequence means he attends the PSR Governance Board 	Nothing at this juncture however this may change as PSR Programme matures
12. Maintaining an effective food surveillance capability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dedicated team to deliver a horizon scanning and food surveillance programme, involving regular engagement with Public Analyst laboratories. Regular engagement with FSA, PHS and SG on strategies for strengthening food surveillance and safeguarding laboratory services and the role of food sampling in wider ambitions for One Health and biosurveillance capability. Promotion of food surveillance activities through regular reporting to enforcement community and published reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prioritisation of food sampling projects in FSS's Food and Health Research Programme, and support by EMT and SLT for funding to deliver MVP – a national food surveillance programme comprising 12-15 priorities annually targeted through evidence generated through horizon scanning activities on potential risk. On-going review of PA services in Scotland and the production of situation reports on sampling trends, financial viability and staffing. Collaboration with SG, PHS and CoSLA on the identification of solutions for safeguarding the Public Analyst service in Scotland. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular review by SLT and the board and escalation to ministers on the need to strengthen surveillance and laboratory provision for food and feed through correspondence from the FSS Chair. Internal audit to review FSS strategy for ensuring compliance with its obligations under Regulation 2017/625 regarding official laboratory provision and surveillance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> FSS has no formal management role or financial authority for the delivery of PA services. There is no centralised ring-fenced budget for the delivery of food surveillance in Scotland, or for the maintenance of public sector capacity and capability for food and animal feed testing. The current synopsis of the SAFER programme makes reference to the role of food sampling and PA laboratories but a formal programme structure and budget allocation to fully address this risk has yet to be defined.

* Areas identified as absent and/or requiring improvement which would support and/or alleviate identified risk.



Strategic Risk No 7:

Changes to FSS roles and remit

Change to FSS's Role & Remit

Risk No: 7	Executive Lead: IMcW / G Purdon	Version: 2.0	Date risk reviewed: Aug-25
Risk Title	Risk Description		
CHANGES TO FSS ROLE AND REMIT Scottish Ministers drive changes in FSS Strategy and delivery responsibilities.	<p>Cause: FSS is directed by Ministers to deliver on new responsibilities or that we have responsibilities relieved from us. Presently potential changes could be on the horizon with the recent change in UK Government and as Scottish Ministers understand the implications from this.</p> <p>Event: Changes to FSS strategy and work plan are needed based on Ministerial decision on our roles and responsibilities.</p> <p>Effect: There may be an expectation that more be delivered by FSS to support implementation, for example, of the Good Food Nation (GFN) ACT. Any further decisions from a new UK Government are yet unknown.</p>		
Strategic Objective(s)	Strategic Goals		
Impacts upon FSS's ability to delivery on all Strategic Objectives	<p>1. A food safety and standards assurance system that commands international respect and consumer confidence, supporting the Scottish economy beyond EU Exit.</p> <p>2. A regulatory system that engages with businesses to educate and enable compliance, rewards best practice, and applies appropriate sanctions when laws are broken.</p> <p>3. A research and data science capability which enables us to detect risks, monitor public health trends and consumer behaviours, and translate evidence into action.</p> <p>4. A food environment which empowers consumers to make safe, healthy, and sustainable choices.</p> <p>6. Engage with all parts of society in Scotland; understanding the issues that matter to consumers and providing information that is tailored to their needs.</p>		

Change to FSS's Role & Remit

Current Risk					Target Risk				
Likelihood	Impact	SCORE	(threat) Trend	Proximity	Likelihood	Impact	SCORE		
2	50	100	Decreasing	Approaching	4	10	40		
CONTROLS IN PLACE									
Quarter 1									
Goal	Mitigation Actions					% Complete	Status	Original Completion Date	Revised Completion Date
	Good Food Nation: Maintain regular contact with SG GFN team, through both Public Health Nutrition (PHN) and UKIRT for wider FSS interests. In July 2024, the FSS Chair met with the Cab Sec (Ms Gougeon) to discuss in July where she provided reassurance regarding our respective roles and responsibilities in terms of FSS and the food commission (and mitigated against the risk to FSS). In August 2024, Dennis Overton was appointed as the first Chair of the Scottish Food Commission (SFC). In June 2025 Mary Brennan, Emilie Combet, and Graeme Jack were appointed as members of the SFC, with the CE recruitment also underway. Risk scoring remains at a likelihood to 2 with impact remaining unchanged at 50 whilst uncertainty remains around the role of new Food commission. The score will be revisited once the body has been launched and there is clarity around how the body will operate.					Ongoing		Dec-22	Ongoing



Strategic Risk No 11:

Public Service Reform

Public Service Reform

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Risk No: 11	Executive Lead: G McEwan / N Greenland	Version: 1.0	Date risk reviewed: Aug-25
Risk Title Scottish Government have published the new Public Service Reform Strategy which sets out the vision and opportunity for all public services to go further and faster to deliver the services that people across Scotland need and deserve, and to improve lives.		Risk Description Event: The medium to long term projections of demand and cost for all Scotland's public services are extremely challenging. The Scottish Government has committed to a 10-year Public Service Reform Programme and strategy to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ensure public services remain fiscally sustainable, by reducing the costs and reducing long-term demand through investment in prevention. • improve outcomes, which will improve lives and reduce demand. • reduce inequalities of outcome among communities in Scotland, recognising the need not just for improved outcomes, but a focus in policy and delivery on those most disadvantaged. Cause: The medium to long term projections of demand and cost for all Scotland's public services are extremely challenging with a projected £1 billion shortfall in funding of public services from 2025 and beyond. Effect: The immediacy of this means we must continue to deliver efficiencies and make more effective use of resources to deliver services in a fashion that reduces demand , cost and improves outcomes for communities. This provides opportunities to collaborate better as well as share services between similar delivery bodies.	
Strategic Outcome(s) Impacts upon FSS's ability to delivery on all Strategic Objectives		Strategic Goals 1. A food safety and standards assurance system that commands international respect and consumer confidence, supporting the Scottish economy beyond EU Exit. 2. A regulatory system that engages with businesses to educate and enable compliance, rewards best practice, and applies appropriate sanctions when laws are broken. 3. A research and data science capability which enables us to detect risks, monitor public health trends and consumer behaviours, and translate evidence into action. 4. A food environment which empowers consumers to make safe, healthy, and sustainable choices. 5. Engage with all parts of society in Scotland; understanding the issues that matter to consumers and providing information that is tailored to their needs	

Public Service Reform

Current Risk					Target Risk				
Likelihood	Impact	SCORE	(threat) Trend	Proximity	Likelihood	Impact	SCORE		
3	25	75	Static	Approaching	3	10	30		
CONTROLS IN PLACE									
Quarter 1									
Goal	Mitigation Actions					% Complete	Status	Original Completion Date	Revised Completion Date
All	FSS are in the process of preparing its new 2026-31 Strategy. A key feature of this will be Public Service Reform and the opportunities and benefits it provides. The draft strategy is now out for public consultation and will conclude on 14 th September.					75		Apr-26	Feb-26
	The SAFER programme of work aligns closely to PSR principles and is covered in detail elsewhere with significant progress being made in this area. Invest to save monies have been secured for this financial year with a programme manager now in place and programme board being established for October 2025					30		Apr-28	
	FSS is working with another delivery body in sharing service provision specifically for all finance related matters. If supported this will mean FSS take on the finance responsibilities for another smaller delivery body in Scotland. This is being considered as best practice and in line PSR principles. SLA being prepared.					80		Sep-25	Oct-25
	A key driver of PSR is improved data sharing and enhanced digitally enabled services across the Public Sector. FSS has strengthened its digital capability over the last 18 months and further work is ongoing to review existing data and digital capacity and capability with a view to making further investment where possible in the financial years 25-27.					30		Apr-26	



Strategic Risk No 12:

Maintaining an effective food surveillance capability

Maintaining an effective food surveillance capability

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Risk No: 12	Executive Lead: Jacqui McElhiney	Version: 1.0	Date risk reviewed: Aug-25
Risk Title	Risk Description		
<p>Failure to deliver a robust food surveillance strategy</p> <p>Increasing pressures on FSS budget allocation and lack of Local Authority investment results in compromised surveillance capability and laboratory service which is unable to keep pace with emerging risks to Scotland's food chain.</p>	<p>Event: FSS is unable to deliver a food surveillance sampling strategy for Scotland as defined by our organisational strategy (see page 15: We will continue to develop our horizon scanning and surveillance capabilities to ensure we are able to predict and identify risks, including those emerging from changes to global food trade and the regulations that are in place to protect our supply chains).</p> <p>Cause: <u>There are three causative factors for this risk:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling activities at local and regional levels have failed to recover to pre-pandemic levels due to issues with the current Local Authority delivery model • Lack of investment in Public Analyst laboratories has compromised the scientific services needed to support a robust national surveillance regime • On-going resource pressures and competing demands across FSS have limited the budget for research and surveillance, preventing implementation of the sustainable food sampling surveillance strategy agreed by the FSS Board in March 2022 <p>Effects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inadequate food sampling will result in gaps in the evidence base needed to ensure Scotland's interests are covered in UK risk analysis and provide assurance for consumers and trading partners. • Failure to maintain a robust baseline level of sampling presents a significant risk to the sustainability of scientific (Public Analyst) services in Scotland with concomitant impacts on FSS's statutory responsibilities for delivering animal feed controls and our ability to design an evidence led approach to the future delivery of official controls. 		
Strategic Outcome(s)	Strategic Goals		
<p>Impacts upon FSS's ability to delivery on all Strategic Objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food is Safe and Authentic – to provide assurance to consumers by monitoring known issues in the food chain and identifying the impact of emerging risks picked up through horizon scanning • Consumers Have Healthier Diets – to assess the accuracy of nutritional and calorie labelling in foods on sale in Scotland • Responsible Food Businesses are enabled to thrive – to generate evidence that supports the targeting of enforcement measures and helps Scottish food producers to verify safety and standards for export. • Consumers are empowered to make positive choices about food – to generate publishable evidence on food safety, standards and labelling which supports consumer choice • FSS is trusted and influential – to generate the primary evidence base on food safety and standards in Scotland 	<p>Food surveillance capability is intrinsic to Goal 3: . A research and data science capability which enables us to detect risks, monitor public health trends and consumer behaviours, and translate evidence into action.</p> <p><u>However, the evidence base generated by surveillance is used to underpin the remaining 5 Goals:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A food safety and standards assurance system that commands international respect and consumer confidence, supporting the Scottish economy beyond EU Exit. By providing data to support risk analysis 2. A regulatory system that engages with businesses to educate and enable compliance, rewards best practice, and applies appropriate sanctions when laws are broken. By providing data to support the targeting of enforcement to areas of risk 4. A food environment which empowers consumers to make safe, healthy, and sustainable choices. By providing data that informs our understanding of the accuracy of food labelling 5. Be respected as an authority on food protection and public health nutrition, promoting change through impactful relationships within and beyond Scotland that enable us to influence, learn and collaborate. By providing data that can be shared with partners in government, academia and the food industry 6. Engage with all parts of society in Scotland; understanding the issues that matter to consumers and providing information that is tailored to their needs. By providing data that can be used to engage with consumers and help us to understand their concerns. 		

Maintaining an effective food surveillance capability

Current Risk					Target Risk				
Likelihood	Impact	SCORE	(threat) Trend	Proximity	Likelihood	Impact	SCORE		
3	25	75	Static	Distant	1	25	25		
CONTROLS IN PLACE									
Quarter 1									
Goal	Mitigation Actions					% Complete	Status	Original Completion Date	Revised Completion Date
3	Ring-fence an allocation from FSS’s food and health research programme to support a national targeted sampling programme into FY 2024/25 and beyond					80		Mar-24	May-26
3	Develop and implement proposals for a new shopping basket sampling approach aimed at strengthening our evidence base and levels of assurance on the safety and standards of foods commonly purchased by consumers in Scotland					80		Oct-25	Mar 26
3, 5	Deliver a horizon scanning programme through in-house analysis and collaboration with Local Authorities, FSA, international food bodies and industry which promotes the sharing of data and insights to support our evidence base on potential risks to Scotland’s food chain from imported foods					80		Mar-24	Mar-26
1, 3	Work with FSA, PHS, SG and other partners to explore options for maintaining future access to scientific services for food and feed safety and standards, through the provision of support for Public Analyst laboratories and new routes for accessing the analytical expertise required to deliver food surveillance and official control verification					60		Mar-24	Mar-26
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Ensure actions are taken within the SAFER programme to safeguard scientific services for food and feed, either through the existing LA operated structure or a new model					10		2025/26	2027/28



Proposal for escalation:

Cyber Security Breach

Cyber Security Breach

Risk No: TBC	Executive Lead: G McEwan / T Daspan	Version: 1	Date risk reviewed: TBC
Risk Title	Risk Description		
Cyber Security Breach	<p>Event: Potential for unauthorised access to FSS systems and sensitive data due to phishing attacks, system vulnerabilities or malware</p> <p>Cause: Phishing attacks, malware, external hackers, insider threats</p> <p>Effect: Unauthorised access to sensitive data/information, operational disruption, reputational damage, regulatory consequences such as fines from UK ICO, financial loss</p>		
Strategic Objectives	Strategic Goals		
Cyber security impacts upon FSS's ability to deliver on all five strategic objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. A food safety and standards assurance system that commands international respect and consumer confidence, supporting the Scottish economy beyond EU Exit.2. A regulatory system that engages with businesses to educate and enable compliance, rewards best practice, and applies appropriate sanctions when laws are broken.3. A research and data science capability which enables us to detect risks, monitor public health trends and consumer behaviours, and translate evidence into action.4. A food environment which empowers consumers to make safe, healthy, and sustainable choices.5. Be respected as an authority on food protection and public health nutrition, promoting change through impactful relationships within and beyond Scotland that enable us to influence, learn and collaborate.6. Engage with all parts of society in Scotland; understanding the issues that matter to consumers and providing information that is tailored to their needs.		

Cyber Security Breach

Current Risk					Target Risk				
Likelihood	Impact	SCORE	(threat) Trend	Proximity	Likelihood	Impact	SCORE		
3	50	150	Static	Approaching	3	25	75		
CONTROLS IN PLACE									
Quarter 1									
Goal	Mitigation Actions					% Complete	Status	Original Completion Date	Revised Completion Date
All	Employee cybersecurity training and awareness raising <ul style="list-style-type: none">Collaborate with FSS IG team to ensure the completion of annual SG data protection eLearning training by all FSS staffRecommend the completion of UK National Cyber Security Centre’s (NCSC) “stay safe online top tips” eLearning in 2025/26.Regularly communicate cybersecurity awareness campaign and update through CEO’s weekly update					70%		Apr-26	
	Enhance FSS cybersecurity posture <ul style="list-style-type: none">Working with HEFESTIS to implement a comprehensive and structured cyber risk management program that implements the Office of the Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) program at FSS. The program will review and assess FSS cyber maturity and risk posture for 12 months – August 2025 to August 2026Monitor and report on number of email phishing attempts and provide appropriate training and staff awarenessFSS annual Cyber Essentials reaccreditation with consideration to move to Cyber Essentials Plus					50%		Sep-26	
	Protect sensitive data <ul style="list-style-type: none">Monitor and report on FSS bespoke systems and applications to ensure FSS systems and data are protectedWork with SG iTECS to ensure that all FSS digital assets have updated antivirus software and receive regular security patchesCollaborate with system owners to conduct entitlement review of FSS bespoke systemsDevelop a data warehouse on FSS Azure cloud environment to host FSS key databases for enhanced data analysis/reporting dashboardsMonitor and manage 3rd party penetration testing of key FSS bespoke systems.					40%		Dec-26	
	Strengthen incident response and recovery capabilities <ul style="list-style-type: none">Review and enhance FSS incident response planParticipate in Scottish Cyber Coordination Centre (SC3) events and training programme to implement lessons learned in FSS and improve FSS Cybersecurity postureImplement lessons learned from FSS 2025 tabletop cybersecurity exercise.					60%		Apr-26	